

# B.Sc. (Zoology) Syllabus

# (Three Years Programme)

# **School of Applied Sciences**

# Centurion University of Technology & Management

# 2024-25

Semester	Basket-1	Basket-2			Basket-5	Semester wise cumulative credits			
Semester	Core	Ability Enhancement	Domain	Generic Elective	Skill				
Ι	C 1 C 2	Environmen tal Science (02 Credit)	Domain Courses of Minimum 26 credits upto maximum of 36 credits.	G - 1	At least 04 skill courses of 16 credits	Minimum 24 Credits			
	C 3	JOB							
II	C 4	Readiness (English)		G - 2		Minimum 24 Credits			
	C 5	(06 Credit)							
				G - 3		Minimum 24			
III	C 6			G - 3		Credits			
	C 7								
	C 8	4				Minimum 24			
IV	C 9			G - 4		Minimum 24 Credits			
	C 10								
17	C 11					Minimum			
V	C 12					24 Credits			
1.71	C 13					Minimum 24			
VI	C 14					Credits			
	Total Credits								
* A student c	* A student can opt more number of <b>Domain /GE courses</b> up to a maximum of 20 credits over the period of six semesters								

# **CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM IN B.Sc. (Honours)**

# **COURSE STRUCTURE**

# Semester – I

Sl. No.	Code	Subject Name	T-T-P	Credit
01	CUTM1016	Job Readiness	0-0-6	6
02	CUTM1010	Environmental Science	0-2-0	2
03	CUTM1497	Non-Chordates I	3-1-2	6
04	CUTM1499	Principles of Ecology	3-1-2	6
05	GE-1@	Inter Disciplinary Subject	3-1-2	6
			TOTAL	26

# Semester – II

Sl. No.	Code	Subject Name	T-T-P	Credit
01	CUTM1016	Job Readiness	0-0-6	6
02	CUTM1010	Environmental Science	0-2-0	2
03	CUTM1498	Non-Chordates II	3-1-2	6
04	CUTM1500	Cell Biology	3-1-2	6
05	GE-2@	Inter Disciplinary Subject	3-1-2	6
			TOTAL	26

Note: @Generic Elective Subjects to be chosen from discipline other than Zoology

# Semester – III

Sl. No.	Code	Subject Name	T-T-P	Credit
01	SEC-1#	Skill		4
02	CUTM1501	Diversity of Chordates	3-1-2	6
03	CUTM1502	Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating Systems	3-1-2	6
04	CUTM1503	Fundamentals of Biochemistry	3-1-2	6
05	GE-3@	Inter Disciplinary Subject	3-1-2	6
			TOTAL	28

# Semester – IV

Sl. No.	Code	Subject Name	T-T-P	Credit
01	SEC -2#	Skill		4
02	CUTM1504	Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates	3-1-2	6
03	CUTM1505	Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems	3-1-2	6
04	CUTM1506	Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes	3-1-2	6
05	GE-4@	Inter Disciplinary Subject	3-1-2	6
			TOTAL	28

Note: # Any two Skill Enhancement Courses to be chosen.

# Semester –V

Sl. No.	Code	Subject Name	T-T-P	Credit
01	CUTM1507	Molecular Biology	3-1-2	6
02	CUTM1510	Evolutionary Biology	3-1-2	6
03	Domain			
04	Domain			
			TOTAL	12

# Semester –VI

Sl. No.	Code	Subject Name	T-T-P	Credit
01	CUTM1509	Developmental Biology	3-1-2	6
02	CUTM1508	Principle of Genetics	3-1-2	6
03	Domain			
04	Domain			
			TOTAL	12



# **Course Structure for BSc Courses**

# NON CHORDATES-I:

# PROTISTS TO PSEUDOCOELOMATES

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1497	Non – Chordates-I-protists to pseudocoelomates	3-1-0	

#### Objectives

**Key points:** *Briefly explain why the course is to be studied. Specify who should study the course and requirement of prior knowledge and skill, if any.* 

- To have in depth knowledge about invertebrates of different phyla.
- To understand the taxonomic position of Protozoa to Helminthes.
- To understand the body organization and general characteristics of animals belonging to different phylum ranging from unicellular to multicellular organization.

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To understand invertebrates of different categories which affects the ecosystem in various ways
CO2	To describe the unique character of Protozoa, Porifera, Coelenterata and Helminthes.
CO3	To analyze the life functions and the ecological role of animals belonging to different phyla ranging from unicellular to multicellular organization.
CO4	To represent invertebrates of different categories which affects the ecosystem in various ways.
CO5	To analyze the life functions and the ecological role of animals belonging to different phylums ranging from unicellular to multicellular organization.

*Key points*: *State clearly what knowledge and skill a student is expected to learn at the end of the course and will be able to apply* 

COs	PO1	PO2	PO4							PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3	-	3			3	3	2	2
CO2	2	-	3	1	2			3	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2			2	2	1	1
CO4	2		2		2			2	1	2	2
CO5	3	1	3	2	1			3	2	2	3

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course content**

#### Module- I - General characteristics and classification of kingdom Protista (06H)

Protista, Parazoa and Metazoa :General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Study of Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium,Life cycle and pathogenicity of Plasmodium vivax and Entamoeba histolytica.

#### Module- II- General characteristics of Metazoa (05H)

Locomotion and Reproduction in Protista, Evolution of symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa.

# Module- III- Porifera (6 H)

Porifera: General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Canal system and spicules in sponges.

# Module- IV - Coelenterates (6 H)

Cnidaria: General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Metagenesis in Obelia Polymorphism in Cnidaria, Corals and coral reefs.

# Module- V- Ctenophora (5 H)

Ctenophora: General characteristics and Evolutionary significance, General characteristics and Evolutionary significance.

# Module- VI- Platyhelminthes (6H)

Platyhelminthes: General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Life cycle and pathogenicity of *Fasciola hepatica* and *Taenia solium*.

# Module-VII - Nemathelminthes (6H)

Nemathelminthes: General characteristics and Classification up to classes,Life cycle, and pathogenicity of Ascaris lumbricoides and Wuchereriabancrofti, Parasitic adaptations in helminthes

# **PRACTICE :**

- 1. Study of whole mount of Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium.
- 2. Study of Permanent slides of Binary fission and Conjugation in Paramecium
- 3. Study of Obelia, Physalia, Millepora, Aurelia, Tubipora
- 4. Study of Corallium, Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Metridium

- 5. Study of Museum specimen of Pennatula, Fungia, Meandrina, Madrepora and ctenophore.
- 6. Study of adult *Fasciola hepatica*, *Taenia solium* and their life cycles (Slides/microphotographs)
- 7. Study of adult Ascaris lumbricoides and its life stages (Slides/micro-photographs).
- 8. Study of adult Wuchereriabancroftii and its life stages (Slides/micro-photographs).
- 9. To submit a Project Report on any related topic on life cycles/coral/ coral reefs.
- 10. Study of Sycon (T.S. and L.S.), Hyalonema, Euplectella, Spongilla
- 11. Examination of pond water collected from different places for diversity in protest.

#### **Text Books:**

• Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders

#### **Reference Books:**

- International Edition. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science
- Barrington, E.J.W. (1979). Invertebrate Structure and Functions. II Edition, E.L.B.S. and Nelson.

# Non Chordates-II: Coelomates

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1498	Non – Chordates-II: Coelomates	3-2-1	

# Objectivess

**Key points:***Briefly explain why the course is to be studied. Specify who should study the course and requirement of prior knowledge and skill, if any.* 

- To have in depth knowledge about invertebrates of different phyla.
- To understand the taxonomic position of Annelida to Echinodermata.
- To evaluate the body organization and general characteristics of animals belonging to different phylums.

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes					
CO1	To represent invertebrates of different categories which affects the ecosystem in					
COI	various ways					
CO2	To describe the unique characters of Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca and					
02	Echinodermata.					
CO3	To understand the life functions and the ecological role of animals belonging to					
005	different phylums ranging from unicellular to multicellular organization.					
CO4	To analyze invertebrates of different categories which affect the ecosystem in					
	various ways.					
CO5	To evaluate the life functions and the ecological role of animals belonging to					
0.05	different phylums ranging from unicellular to multicellular organization.					

*Key points*: *State clearly what knowledge and skill a student is expected tolearn at the end of the course and will be able to apply.* 

**Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:** 

COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	<b>PO4</b>	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3			3			3					2	2	3	1
CO2	3			2	1		3					3	3	1	2
CO3	2	2		2			3					3	2	3	3
CO4	3			2	2		2					2	3	2	3
CO5	2	1		2	2		1					2	2	2	2

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course content**

#### Module-I- Introduction to Coelomates- (3h)

Evolution of coelom and metamerism

#### Module-II- Annelida: (5h)

General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Excretion in Annelida

#### Module-III- Arthropoda: (4h)

General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Vision and Respiration in Arthropoda, Metamorphosis in Insects, Social life in bees and termites.

#### Module-IV- Onychophora:(3h)

General characteristics and Evolutionary significance of Onychophora.

#### Module-V - Mollusca:- (8 h)

General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Respiration in Mollusca, Torsion and detorsion in Gastropoda, Pearl formation in bivalves, Evolutionary significance of trochophore larva. **Module- VI-Echinodermata (4h)** 

General characteristics and Classification up to classes, Water-vascular system in Asteroidea Module-VII -Developmental aspects of Echinoderms (4h)

Larval forms in Echinodermata, Affinities with Chordates.

#### Practice

- 1. Study of museum specimen belonging to phylum Annelida Earthworm, Nereis, Sabella, Leech and Aphrodite.
- 2. Study of digestive system of Earthworm.
- 3. Study of septal nephridia and pharyngeal nephridia of Earthworm
- Study of museum specimen belonging to phylum Arthropoda Cockroach, Honeybee, Prawn Peripatus, Balanus
- 5. Study of mouth parts of Cockroach.
- 6. Study of digestive system of Cockroach (Dissection)
- 7. Study of nervous system of Cockroach (Dissection)
- 8. Study of whole mount of mouth parts of Cockroach
- Study of museum specimen belonging to phylum Mollusca Snail, Octopus, Sepia, Chiton, Helix, Pila
- Study of museum specimen belonging to phylum Echinodermata : Starfish, Antedon, Echinus, Ophiura

#### **Text Books:**

Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P. J. W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). TheInvertebrates:

- A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science
- 2. Barrington, E.J.W. (1979). Invertebrate Structure and Functions. II Edition, E.L.B.S. and Nelson

# **Developmental Biology**

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1509	Developmental Biology	3-2-1	

#### Objectives

**Key points:** *Briefly explain why the course is to be studied. Specify who should study the course and requirement of prior knowledge and skill, if any.* 

- The course is so designed for acquiring knowledge to know the process of reproduction and the development of embryo.
- The Objectives of this course is to provide a comprehensive understanding of the concepts of early animal development.
- Students taking this course must develop a critical appreciation of methodologies specifically used to study the process of embryonic development in animals.

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To know about the reproductive and development processes and can apply the
COI	acquired knowledge for higher study.
CO2	To have a comprehensive understanding of the concepts of early animal
02	development
CO3	To predict the lineage outcome of transplanting mesodermal cell populations
005	from anterior heart to posterior presomatic tail bud.
CO4	To provide a comprehensive understanding of the concepts of early animal
	development.
CO5	To predict the lineage outcome of transplanting mesodermal cell populations
205	from anterior heart posterior to presomatic tail bud.

*Key points*: *State clearly what knowledge and skill a student is expected tolearn at the end of the course and will be able to apply.* 

	Course Ourcome to 110grum Ourcome Hupping.														
COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	<b>PO4</b>	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2		1			1					3	2	3	3
CO2	2			2	1		2					1	2	1	2
CO3	3	1		2			3					3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2		2	2		3					2	2	3	1
CO5	1			2	2		3					3	2	3	3
					/==					4					

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course Outline**

# Module -I- Historical perspective and basic concepts (4h)

Historical perspective and basic concepts: Phases of development, Cell-Cell interaction, Pattern development, Differentiation and growth, Differential gene expression, Cytoplasmic determinants and asymmetric cell division.

# Module-II- Various Developmental aspects (4h)

Early Embryonic Development, Gametogenesis, Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis and Types of egg, Egg Membranes.

# **Module-III- Fertilization (5 h)**

Fertilization (External and Internal), Changes in gametes, Blocks to polyspermy, Planes and patterns of cleavage.

# Module - IV- Fate Maps (4h)

Fate maps (including Techniques), Early development of frog up to gastrulation, Early development of chick up to gastrulation, Embryonic induction and Organisers.

# Module -V- Embryonic development (5h)

Late Embryonic Development: Fate of Germ Layers, Extra-embryonic membranes in birds, Implantation of embryo in humans, Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta), Post Embryonic Development. Metamorphosis: Changes, hormonal regulations in amphibians and insects.

# Module-VI- Regeneration (3h)

Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each).

# Module- VII- Ageing (5h)

Ageing: Concepts and Theories, Implications of Developmental Biology Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic, development, In vitro fertilization ,Concept of Stem cell, Amniocentesis

# PRACTICE

- 1. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides: Cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula
- 2. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides: neurula, tail-bud stage,tadpole (external and internal gill stages).
- 3. Study of T.S of Testis , Semen sample , Graffian follicle( Mature follicle about to release an ovum) and corpus luteum through permanent slides.

- 4. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides: Primitive streak (13 and 18 hours).
- 5. Study of Whole mounts of chick embryo 21, 24, 28, 33, 36, 48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation.
- 6. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of Drosophila from stock culture.
- 7. Study of different sections of placenta (photomicropgraph/ slides)
- 8. Project report on Drosophila culture/chick embryo development

# **Text Books:**

Verma, Agrawal, 2007, Embryology, Rostogi Publication

# **Reference Books:**

- Gilbert, S. F. (2010). Developmental Biology, IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA
- Balinsky B. I. and Fabian B. C. (1981). An Introduction to Embryology, V Edition, International Thompson Computer Press
- Carlson, R. F. Patten's Foundations of Embryology Kalthoff (2008). Analysis of Biological Development, II Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishers
- Lewis Wolpert (2002). Principles of Development. II Edition, Oxford University Press CBCS

# **Principles of Genetics**

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1508	Principles of Genetics	3-2-1	

### Objectives

- Genetics is offered as a core course that provides fundamental knowledge of inheritance and evolution of the concept of gene with study of genetic diseases.
- This course provides an overview of genetics starting from the work of Mendel to the current understanding of various phenomena like recombination, transposition, sex determination and mutations.
- Describe the mechanisms governing Mendelian inheritance, gene interactions and gene expression.

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To know the basic principles of inheritance and knowledge of the principles of genetics is
	essential for a deeper understanding of the varied branches of the biological.
	To Know the mechanisms of mutations and the causative agents will lead to an increase in an
CO2	awareness of the students about the harmful impact of various chemicals and drugs being used in
	day to day life.
CO3	To be able to make a strategy to manipulate genetic structure of an organism for the
	improvement in any trait or its well-being based on the techniques learned during this course.
	To explain the basic principles of inheritance and knowledge of the principles of
CO4	genetics is essential for a deeper understanding of the varied branches of the biological.
	To develop a strategy to manipulate genetic structure of an argonism for the
	To develop a strategy to manipulate genetic structure of an organism for the
CO5	improvement in any trait or its well-being based on the techniques learned during this
	course.

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3		1	2			2					3	2	3	3
CO2	2		3	2	1		2					1	2	1	3
CO3	2	2	2	3	1		3					3	3	2	1
CO4	1		2	1			2					2	1	2	2
CO5	3	1	2	3			1					3	2	1	3

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course Outline**

#### Module-I

**Mendelian Genetics and its Extension:** Principles of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and co-dominance, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, Sex-linked, sex-influenced and sex-limited characters inheritance.

# Module-II

**Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping**: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping, Linkage and crossing over, Cytological basis of crossing over, Molecular mechanisms of crossing over including models of recombination. Recombination frequency as a measure of linkage intensity, two factor and three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence, Somatic cell hybridization.

# Module- III

**Mutations:**Types of chromosomal aberrations (Classification, figures and with one suitable example of each), Molecular basis of mutations in relation to UV light and chemical mutagens; Detection of mutations: CLB method, attached X method.

#### Module-IV

**Sex Determination:**Genetic and environmental basis of sex determination; Chromosomal mechanisms of sex determination in *Drosophila* and Man.

# Module-V

**Extra-chromosomal Inheritance**. Criteria for extra-chromosomal inheritance, Antibiotic resistance in Chlamydomonas, Mitochondrial mutations in Saccharomyces, Infective heredity in Paramecium and Maternal effects.

#### Module-VI

**Polygenic Inheritance:** Polygenic inheritance with suitable examples; simple numericals based on it. Recombination in Bacteria and Viruses, Conjugation, Transformation, Bacteriophage, Transduction.

# Module-VII

**Transposons:**Complementation Test in Transposable Genetic Elements: Transposons in bacteria, Ac-Ds elements in maize and P elements In Drosophila, Transposons in humans.

# **Principles of Genetics Lab Practice Experiments:**

- 1. To study the collection of Drosophilla.
- 2. Study of *Drosophilla* under compoundmicroscope.
- 3. Chi-square analyses usingseeds/beads/Drosophila.
- 4. Linkage maps based on data from conjugation, transformation and transduction.
- 5. Linkage maps based on data from *Drosophila*crosses.
- 6. Study of karyotype (Human orDrosophilla).
- 7. Pedigree analysis of some human inheritedtraits.
- 8. Study of genetics of mice.
- 9. Study of genetics of chicken
- 10. Linkage maps based on data from Trihybrid cross.
- 11. Morphological study of chromosome by squashing method.
- 12. Sex Determination: Genetic and environmental basis of sex determination **Text Books and Reference Books:**
- Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). Principles of Genetics. VIII Edition. WileyIndia
- Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2009). Principles of Genetics. V Edition. John Wiley and SonsInc
- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). Concepts of Genetics. X Edition. Benjamin Cummings
- Russell, P. J. (2009). Genetics- A Molecular Approach. IIIEdition.
- BenjaminCummings
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B.
- Introduction to Genetic Analysis. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman andCo
- Fletcher H. and Hickey I. (2015). Genetics. IV Edition. GS, Taylor and Francis Group, New York and London. CBCS Undergraduate Program in Zoology2015
- Pierce B. A. (2012). Genetics-A conceptual approach. IV Edition. W. H. Freeman and Company
- Russell, P. J. (2009). Genetics- A Molecular Approach. III Edition. Benjamin Cummings
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. (2007) *Introduction to Genetic Analysis.* IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co.

# Animal Physiology- Life sustaining system

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1505	Animal Physiology- Life sustaining system	3-2-1	

#### Objectives

- To know the functioning of various organs and their inter relationship
- To facilitate students about the various metabolic processes
- Students would be able to know and compare the different anatomical aspect of various organisms

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To know and compare the different anatomical aspect of various organisms
CO2	To acquire the knowledge of functioning of different body parts
CO3	To understand the human physiology.
CO4	To analyze the functioning of different body parts.
CO5	To apply the acquired knowledge for higher study

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2			2			1					3	2	2	2
CO2	2	2		2	1		2					1	3	1	2
CO3	2	2		2			1					3	1	3	3
CO4		1		1	1		2					3	2	2	3
CO5				2			3					2	2	3	2

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course Outline**

#### Module- I

**Physiology of Digestion:** Structural organization of gastrointestinal tract and associated glands, Mechanical and chemical digestion of food, Absorptions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, water, minerals and vitamins, Hormonal control of secretion of enzymes in Gastrointestinal tract

### Module- II

Physiology of Respiration: Mechanism of respiration & Pulmonary ventilation, Respiratory volumes

and capacities, Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood, Respiratory pigments and Control of

respiration, Dissociation curves and the factors influencing it, Carbon monoxide poisoning

#### Module- III

Physiology of Heart: Structure of mammalian heart, Coronary circulation, Structure and working of

conducting myocardial fibers, Origin and conduction of cardiac impulses

#### Module- IV

**Physiology of Heart:**Cardiac cycle, Cardiac output and its regulation, Frank-Starling Law of the heart, Nervous and chemical regulation of heart rate, Electrocardiogrm-Blood pressure and its regulation **Module- V** 

**Renal Physiology:** Structure of kidney and its function, Structure and function of Nephron, Mechanism of urine formation, Regulation of water balance, Regulation of acid-base balance, Counter-Current theory

#### Module-VI

Adaptive physiology: Adaptive physiology, Adaptation of reptile and aves to water, space, land, Adaptation of other species to water, space, land

#### Module-VII

**Reproductive System:** Physiology of male reproduction, Physiology of female reproduction, Puberty and Methods of contraception in male and female

#### Physiology: Life sustaining system Lab (Practice)

#### **Experiments**

- 1. Histological study of gastrointestinal tract
- 2. Study of Histology of trachea and lung
- 3. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer
- 4. Enumeration of R.B.C.& W.B.C. using haemocytometer
- 5. Determination of ABO Blood group
- 6. Preparation of haemin and haemochromogen crystals
- 7. Recording of blood pressure using sphygmomanometer
- 8. Histological study of kidney(Human)
- 9. Histological study of nephron
- 10. Histological study of testis(mammal)
- 11. Histological study of ovary(mammal)
- 12. Histological study of artery & vein

E-materials: *Online Source:*  https://www.udemy.com/course/humanphysiology/,

https://www.coursera.org/specializations/anatomy,

https://www.edx.org/course/anatomy-cardiovascular-urinary-and-respiratory-sys

#### Text Books:

1. Guyton's Physiology

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company.
- 2. Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons,
- 3. Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.
- 4. Vander A, Sherman J. and Luciano D. (2014). Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanism of Body Function. XIII Edition, McGraw Hills

# **Diversity of Chordates**

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1501	Diversity of Chordates	3-2-1	

# Objectives

- To understand about aware of higher organisms and their taxonomy to correlate the evolutionary trend in organisms.
- To know students about identify the diversification of species of chordate world
- Student should be able to describe unique characters of urochordates, cephalochordates and fishes.

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To know the unique characters of urochordates, cephalochordates and fishes.
CO2	To identify the life functions of urochordates to fishes.
CO3	To acquire in depth knowledge on the diversity of chordates and their systematic position
CO4	To distinguish the general characters and systematics of Vertebrates
CO5	To recognize the different vertebrates and their distribution.

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

COs	PO1	PO2		ľ	ľ			PO12	i i	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1		1			3	2	2	3
CO2		2	2	1	3			1	1	1	3
CO3		1	1		1			3	3	2	3
CO4			2	2	2			2	3	3	2
CO5	3				2			3	3	3	2

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course Outline**

#### Module- I

**Introduction to Chordates:**General characteristics and classification of chordates, General characteristics of Protochordates and Hemichordata, General characteristics of Urochordata and Cephalochordata, Study of larval forms in Protochordates, Retrogressive metamorphosis in Urochordata

#### Module- II

**Origin of Chordata:** Origin of chordates-Dipleurula concept & Echinoderm theory, Advanced features of vertebrates over Protochordata

**Agnantha:**General characteristics and classification of cyclostomes, Classification of cyclostomes up to class, Characteristics of Petromyzon, Myxin

#### Module- III

**Pisces:**General characteristics of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes, Classification up to order Migration, Osmoregulation in fishes, Parental care in fishes

#### Module- IV

**Amphibia**: Origin of Tetrapoda (Evolution of terrestrial ectotherms), General characteristics and classification of amphibia up to order, Parental care in Amphibians & Neoteny

#### Module- V

**Reptilia:** General characteristics and Classification of Reptilia, Affinities of *Sphenodon*, Poison apparatus and biting mechanismin snakes, Adaptive charactecteristics of crocodile

#### **Module-VI**

Aves:General characteristics and classification (up to order Archaeopteryx), Principles and aerodynamics of flight, Flight adaptations, Migration in birds

#### Module-VII

**Mammals:**Affinities of Prototheria, Adaptive radiate: Zoogeographical realm, Theories pertaining to distribution of animals, Plate tectonic and Continental drift theory, Distribution of vertebrates in different realms

#### **Diversity of Chordates Lab (Practice) Experiments:**

- 1. Museum specimen on Protochordata- Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Branchiostoma
- 2. Sections of Balanoglossus through proboscis and branchio-genital regions
- 3. Museum specimen on Petromyzon, Myxine
- 4. Museum specimen on : Fishes-Scoliodon, Pristis, Torpedo, Chimaera
- 5. Museum specimen on Labeo, Exocoetus, Echeneis, Anguilla, Hippocampus, Tetrodon/ Diodon, Anabas
- 6. Museum specimen on-Amphibia: Ichthyophis/Ureotyphlus, Necturus
- 7. Bufo, Hyla, Alytes, Salamandra
- 8. Museum specimen on Reptilia Hemidactylus, Varanus, Uromastix, Chamaeleon, Draco
- 9. Draco, Vipera, Naja, Hydrophis (Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes)
- 10. Aves :Study of two common birds from different orders
- 11. Aves :Study of types beaks and claws
- 12. Mammalia Sorex, Bat (Insectivorous and Frugivorous), Funambulus, Loris, Herpestes, Erinaceous

# References

**Text Books:** 

- Kotpal.R.L, (2007)Modern Text Book of Zoology,Rastogi Publication **Reference Books:**
- Young, J. Z.(2004). The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford University press. Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- Darlington P.J. The Geographical Distribution of Animals, R.E. Krieger Pub Co.Hall B.K. and Hallgrimsson B. (2008). Strickberger's Evolution. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers Inc.

# **Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes**

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1506	Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes	3-2-1	

# Objectives

- To know the functioning of various organs and their inter relationship
- To understand about the various metabolic processes
- Understand the significance of Biochemistry

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To understand the significance of Biochemistry
CO2	To describe the chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and amino acids the classification and structural organization of proteins
CO3	To describe the catabolic reactions of carbohydrates, lipids and amino acids and to Identify the class and functions of secondary metabolites
CO4	To evaluate the chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and amino acids the classification and structural organization of proteins
CO5	To analyze the catabolic reactions of carbohydrates, lipids and amino acids and to Identify the class and functions of secondary metabolites

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2		1			1					3	1		2
CO2	2			2	1		3					1	1	2	2
CO3	2	1		1			1					3	2	2	3
CO4	2			3	2		3					2	2	1	2
CO5	1			3			2					3	2	2	2

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

#### Module- I

**Overview of Metabolism:** Stages of Metabolism (Catabolism *vs* Anabolism), Compartmentalization of metabolic pathways, ATP as "Energy Currency of cell" & use of reducing equivalents and cofactors, Intermediary metabolism and regulatory mechanisms.

#### Module- II

**Carbohydrate Metabolism:** Sequence of reactions and regulation of glycolysis & Gluconeogenesis, Citric acid cycle and significance, Phosphate Pentose Pathway (Role and significance), Glycogenesis, Glycogenolysis.

#### Module- III

**Lipid Metabolism:**  $\beta$ -oxidation of saturated fatty acids with even & odd number of carbon atoms, Omega -oxidation of even & odd number of saturated fatty acids, Biosynthesis of palmitic acid, Metaboliosm of unsaturated fatty acid, Ketogensis, Metabolic Fuel Utilization & Regulation of fatty acid

#### Module- IV

Protein Metabolism: Catabolism of amino acids, Transamination, Deamination, Protein Metabolism

#### Module- V

**Fate of carbon skeleton:** Urea cycle, Fate of C-skeleton of Glucogenic & Ketogenic amino acids, Regulation of Urea cycle, Role of mitochondria

#### **Module- VI**

**Oxidative Phosphorylation**: Oxidative Phosphorylation, Redox systems & Coupled reactions, Review of mitochondrial respiratory chain, Shuttle systems & Membrane transporters

#### Module- VII

**Inhibitors and Uncouplers**: Inhibitors of Electron Transport System, Uncouplers of Electron Transport System, Activity of Enzyme

#### **Biochemistry of Metabolic Process Lab (Practice)**

#### **Experiments:**

- 1. To demonstrate the effect of temperature on enzyme activity
- 2. To estimate the carbohydrate content of supplied tissue by Spectrophotometry method
- 3. To estimate the glycogen content of supplied tissue by colorimeter method
- 4. To estimate the lipid content from the given sample
- 5. To estimate the protein content of supplied tissue by colorimeter method
- 6. Estimation of total protein content in the given sample by Lowry's /Barfoed's Method
- 7. To estimate amino acids from a mixture by using chromatography (paper/Thin layer)
- 8. To estimate amino acids from a mixture by using chromatography (paper/Thin layer)
- 9. Determination of SGPT in given sample by using available kit.(Chick/Goat Serum)
- 10. Estimation of known and unknown protein

- 11. Preparation of Standard Curve of Bovine serum Albumin
- 12. Study the enzymatic activity of Trypsin and Lipase

#### 1. Reference

# Text Books:

1. Cox, M.M and NelsoEXT n, D.L. (2008). *Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry*, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Cox, M.M and NelsoEXT n, D.L. (2008). Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, V Edition,
- 2. W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 3. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). *Biochemistry*, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.rs
- 4. Sources of Environmental hazards, hazard identification and accounting, fate of toxic and persistent substances in the environment, dose Response Evaluation, exposure Assessment.

# **Principles of Ecology**

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1499	Principles of Ecology	3-2-1	

#### 2. Objectives

- Obtain knowledge about the Ecosystem and their functioning, so that they will be crusader of environmental sustainability.
- Describe the different components of ecosystem, the types of biogeochemical cycles and importance of energy as drivers of ecosystem
- distinguish among allied scientific disciplines (environmental science, conservation biology, restoration ecology, and environmental engineering) and compare their purposes with that of ecology

#### 3. Course Outcome

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To define the different components of ecosystem, the types of biogeochemical cycles and importance of energy as drivers of ecosystem
CO2	To understand scientific disciplines (environmental science, conservation biology, restoration ecology, and environmental engineering) and compare their purposes with that of ecology
CO3	To describe the application of the scientific method to ecological experimentation.
CO4	To analyze ecological aspects and their contribution towards sustainable environment
CO5	To evaluate the different Wildlife Conservation and Management Policies

#### PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PS01 PSO2 COs **PO1 PO2** PSO3 **CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4** CO5

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

Introduction to Ecology: History of ecology, Autecology and synecology, Levels of organization, Laws of limiting factors, Study of physical factors.

# Module- II (7Hrs)

Population: Unitary and Modular populations Unique and group attributes of population: Density, nasality, mortality, life tables, fecundity tables, survivorship curves, age ratio, sex ratio, dispersal and dispersion. Exponential and logistic growth, equation and patterns, r and K strategies.

#### Module-III (8Hrs)

Population regulation - density-dependent and independent factors Population interactions, Gause's Principle with laboratory and field examples, Lotka-Volterra equation for competition and Predation, functional and numerical Responses.

#### Module-IV (8Hrs)

Community: Community characteristics: species richness, dominance, diversity, abundance, vertical stratification, Ecotone and edge effect; Ecological succession with one Example, Theories pertaining to climax community.

#### Module- V (5Hrs)

Ecosystem: Types of ecosystems with one example in detail, Food chain: Detritus and Grazing food chains, Linear and Y-shaped food chains, Food web. B.Sc. (Zoology) Curriculum School of Applied Sciences

#### Module- VI (5Hrs)

Energy flow through the ecosystem, Ecological pyramids and Ecological efficiencies .

# Module- VII (5Hrs)

Nutrient and biogeochemical cycle with one example of Nitrogen cycle, Human modified ecosystem Applied Ecology: Ecology in Wildlife Conservation and Management Principles of Ecology

# PRACTICE

1. Study of life tables and plotting of survivorship curves of different types from the hypothetical/real data provided.

**2.** Determination of population density in a natural/hypothetical community by quadrate method and calculation of Shannon-Weiner diversity index for the same community

**3.** Study of an aquatic ecosystem: Phytoplankton and zooplankton, Measurement of area, temperature, turbidity/penetration of light, determination of pH, and Dissolved Oxygen content.

4. (Winkler's method), Chemical Oxygen Demand and free CO2.

5. Report on a visit to National Park/Biodiversity Park/Wild life sanctuary.

# Text Books :

Odum, E.P., (2008). Fundamentals of Ecology. Indian Edition. Brooks/Cole

# **Reference Books**:

- Colinvaux, P. A. (1993). Ecology. II Edition.
- Wiley, John and Sons, Inc. Krebs, C. J. (2001). Ecology. VI Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- Robert Leo Smith Ecology and field biology(2000) Harper and Row publisher Ricklefs, R.E.

**Cell Biology** 

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite

CUTM1500	Cell Biology	3-2-1	
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#### Objectives

- To make the student understand all type of cells and cellular components, and how cell works in healthy and diseased states Students will understand
- Understand the structures and purposes of basic components of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- To understand the organization of cellular components and their specific functions.

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand the structures and purposes of basic components of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
CO2	To understand the organization of cellular components and their specific functions.
CO3	Basic knowledge on mitotic and meiotic cell division, cellular communication and signal transduction taking place in cells
CO4	To describe the concept of cell cycle regulation
CO5	To analyze the biological role of different ligands in regulating the gene transcription.

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COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	<b>PO4</b>	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2			2			3					3	2	3	1
CO2	2	2		1	1		3					3	1	3	2
CO3	3			2			2					2	2	1	3
CO4	2	2		2			3					3	1	2	2
CO5	2	1		2			1					3	2	2	2

**Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:** 

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

#### **Course outline**

Module-1 (11 Hrs)

Overview of Cells; Cell theory; Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells; Virus; Viroids; Mycoplasma; Prions Assignment 1: Prions and associated diseases

#### Module- 2 (10 Hrs)

Plasma Membrane: Various models of plasma membrane structure; Transport across membranes: Active and Passive transport, Facilitated Transport; Cell junctions: Tight junctions, Gap junctions, Desmosomes, Hemidesmosomes

#### Module- 3 (6 Hrs)

Endomembrane System: Structure and Functions of Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, Lysosomes

#### Module- 4 (8 Hrs)

Mitochondria: Structure and function, Semi-autonomous nature, Endosymbiotic hypothesis, Chemiosmotic hypothesis, Mitochondrial electron transport chain; Peroxisomes: structure and function.

#### Module- 5 (10 Hrs)

Cytoskeleton: Structure and Functions: Microtubules, Microfilaments and Intermediate filaments; Nucleus: Structure of Nucleus: Nuclear envelope, Nuclear pore complex, Nucleolus, Chromatin: Euchromatin and Hetrochromatin and packaging (nucleosome)

#### Module- 6 (10 Hrs)

Cell Division and Cell cycle: Mitosis, Meiosis; Regulation of cell cycle

#### Module- 7 (10 Hrs)

Cell Signaling: Overview of cell signaling, signaling molecules and receptors, GPCR, Second messengers, Role of second messenger (cAMP) in cell signaling, Activation of gene transcription by GPCR

#### PRACTICE

- 1. Cell Organization and Sub Cellular Structure Studies
- 2. Gram's staining technique for visualization of prokaryotic cells
- 3. Counting of cells using Hemocytometer
- 4. Study of cell attachment
- 5. Study of cell proliferation
- 6. Isolation of Endoplasmic Reticulum
- 7. Isolation and microscopic study of mitochondria
- 8. Study the presence of Barr body in human female blood cells/cheek cell
- 9. Study of Actin Assembly
- 10. Study various stages of mitosis using permanent slides
- 11. Study various stages of meiosis using permanent slides
- 12. Maintenance of mammalian cell lines.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- 2. De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- 2. Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). The World of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San
- 3. Bruce Albert, Bray Dennis, Levis Julian, Raff Martin, Roberts Keith and Watson James (2008). Molecular Biology of the Cell, V Edition, Garland publishing Inc., New York and London

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1503	Fundamentals of Biochemistry	3-2-1	

Objectives

- To understand the significance of Biochemistry
- To describe the chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and amino acids the classification and structural organization of proteins
- To analyze the catabolic reactions of carbohydrates, lipids and amino acids and to identify the class and functions of secondary metabolites

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To understand the significance of Biochemistry
CO2	To describe the chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and amino acids the classification and structural organization of proteins
CO3	To analyze the catabolic reactions of carbohydrates, lipids and amino acids and to Identify the class and functions of secondary metabolites
CO4	To estimate the presence of carbohydrates, lipids and protein in biological samples.
CO5	To examine the enzymatic action in different biochemical reactions.

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	ľ	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO12		PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1			2	2		3				1	1	2	2
CO2	1	2		2			2				2	3	1	2
CO3	1	1		2			3				3	2	3	3
CO4				3	1		1				1	2	1	2
CO5				1	1		1				2	3	2	2

<sup>(</sup>High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course outline**

Carbohydrates: Structure and Biological importance of :Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides and Glycoconjugates

# Module-II

Lipids: Structure and Significance: Physiologically important saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, Tri-acylglycerols, Phospholipids, Glycolipids, Steroids

# Module-III

Proteins: Amino acids: Structure, Classification and General properties of  $\alpha$ -amino acids; Physiological importance of essential and non-essential  $\alpha$ -amino acidsProteins:Bonds stabilizing protein structure and Denaturation; Levels of organization in proteins; Introduction to simple and conjugate proteins

# Module-IV

Immunoglobulins: Basic Structure, Classes and Function, Antigenic Determinants.

Nucleic Acids: Structure: Purines and pyrimidines, Nucleosides, Nucleotides, Nucleic acids;Cot Curves: Base pairing, Denaturation and Renaturation of DNA;Types of DNA and RNA;Complementarity of DNA;Hpyo-Hyperchromaticity of DNA.

#### Module-V

Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification;Cofactors;Specificity of enzyme action;Isozymes;Mechanism of enzyme action.

# **Module-VI**

Enzyme kinetics; Factors affecting rate of enzyme-catalyzed reactions; Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation; Concept of Km and Vmax, and Lineweaver-Burk plot; Multi- substrate reactions.

# Module-VII

Enzyme inhibition; Allosteric enzymes and their kinetics; Regulation of enzyme action.

# PRACTICE

- 1. Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrates
- 2. Qualitative tests of functional groups in lipids.
- 3. Qualitative tests of functional groups in protein
- 4. Separation of amino acid using Paper Chromatography.
- 5. Quantitative estimation of salmon sperm/calf thymus DNA using colorimeter(Diphenylamine reagent) or spectrophotometer (A260 measurement)
- 6. Action of salivary amylase under optimum conditions.
- 7. Effect of different pH on salivary amylase activity.
- 8. Demonstration of proteins separation by SDS-PAGE.
- 9. Effect of different Temperature on salivary amylase activity.
- 10. Effect of inhibitor on salivary amylase activity

# **Text Books:**

Cox, M.M and NelsoEXT n, D.L. (2008). *Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry*, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Cox, M.M and NelsoEXT n, D.L. (2008). Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, V Edition,
- 2. W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 3. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). *Biochemistry*, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.rs
- 4. Sources of Environmental hazards, hazard identification and accounting, fate of toxic and persistent substances in the environment, dose Response Evaluation, exposure Assessment.

# Animal Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating System

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
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CUTM1502	Animal Physiology : Controlling and Coordinating System	3-2-1	
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#### **Objectives**

- To obtain Knowledge about the functioning of various system of organisms and their interrelationship for well-coordinated function.
- To know and compare the different anatomical aspect of various organisms
- To understand the functioning of different body parts

#### **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
C01	To know and compare the different anatomical aspect of various organisms
CO2	To acquire the knowledge of functioning of different body parts
CO3	To describe resting membrane potential, origin of action potential and its propagation across the myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibers.
CO4	To evaluate the mechanism of unconditional reflex action.
CO5	To analyze the mechanism of hormone action in biological system

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
C01	2			3	2		1					3	2	2	3
CO2	2			2	1		2					1	1	1	2
CO3	3	2		1			1					2	3	3	2
CO4	2			3			3					2	1	3	2
CO5	3			2	1		3					3	2	2	3

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course outline**

#### **Module-I** Tissues

Structure, location, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, Structure, location, classification and functions of connective tissue, Structure, location, classification and functions of muscular tissue, Structure, location, classification and functions of nervous tissue & Structure and types of bones and cartilages.

#### Module-II Bone and Cartilage & Muscle:

Ossification, bone growth and resorption, Histology of different types of muscle, Ultra structure of skeletal muscle, Chemical basis of muscle contraction;

#### Module-III Blood:

Components of blood and their functions, Structure and functions of haemoglobin, Haemostasis, Blood clotting system, Kallikrein-Kinninogen system, Haemopoies is Blood groups: Rh factor, ABO and MN.

#### Module-IV Nervous System :

Organization of the Brain, Structure of neuron, Resting membrane potential, Origin of action potential and its propagation across the myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibers, Types of synapse. Synaptic transmission and, Neuromuscular junction, Reflex action and its types - reflex arc, Physiology of hearing and vision.

#### Module-V Endocrine System I:

Classification of hormones, Histology& mechanism of action of pituitary gland, Histology& mechanism of action of thyroid gland, Histology& mechanism of action of parathyroid gland.

#### Module-VI Endocrine System II:

Histology & mechanism of action of pancrease, Histology & mechanism of action of pineal gland, Histology & mechanism of action of gonadal hormone, Regulation of their secretion; Mode of hormone action.

#### Module-VII Neuroendocrine gland

Hypothalamus (neuroendocrine gland), Principal nuclei involved in neuroendocrine control of anterior pituitary and endocrine system, Role of hormone in growth.

#### PRACTICE

- 1. Preparation of temporary mounts: Squamous epithelium, Striated muscle fibres and nerve cells
- 2. Preparation of permanent slide of liver/skeletal muscle/any other tissue of given specimen.
- 3. Determination of blood groups
- 4. Preparation of blood smear from blood cells.
- 5. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer
- 6. Demonstration of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerk reflex)
- 7. Anatomical model of eye.
- 8. Anatomical model of ear .
- 9. Study of permanent slides of various Mammalian tissues
- 10. Study of slides of endocrine glands
- 11. Identification of histological slides of lymphoid tissue
- 12. Preparation of permanent slide of any five mammalian (goat/chick) tissues by microtomy

# .Text Books:

- 1. Agrawal, V.K, Textbook of Animal Physiology, S.Chand Publication
- 2. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition.
- 3. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. /W.B. Saunders Company.

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company
- 2. Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite			
CUTM1504	Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates	3-2-1				

# **Objectives**

- To make a comparative study of the anatomy of an organ in different groups of vertebrates
- To derive the evolutionary significance from it
- To understand as to why an organ evolved the way it is present now..

# **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To define vertebrate structural principles by studying all body systems of vertebrates in an evolutionary perspective.
CO2	To compare and contrast the anatomical systems of different vertebrates and identify common traits across species and groups.
CO3	To describe the anatomical systems of different vertebrates and identify common traits across species and groups.
CO4	To analyze mammalian urinogenital system.
CO5	To demonstrate the characteristics of vertebrates and what makes both chordates and vertebrates unique among animals.

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO12		PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3			1			2				2	3	3	2
CO2	3	1		2	1		2				2	2	1	2
CO3	2			1			1				2	2	2	1
CO4	2	2		1	2		2				2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2		1			3				3	1	2	1

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Course outline**

# Module-I :Integumentary System

Introduction to integuments, General features of integuments Dermis and Epidermis, Derivatives of integuments scales nails hooves, Horn antles baleen dermal armour, Dermal derivatives

# Module-II Skeletal System

Introduction to skeletolsystem, Axial Skeleton, Appendicular skeleton, Jaw suspensorium, Visceral arches

# **Module-III: Digestive System**

Introduction to digestive system, Alimentary canal, Associate glands, Dentition

# Module-IV Respiratory System

Introduction to Respiratory system, Brief account of Gills, Brief account of lungs, Brief account of air sac, Brief account of swim bladders

# **Module-V Circulatory System**

Introduction to Circulatory system, General plan of circulation, Evolution of heart, aortic arches

# **Module-VI: Urinogenital System**

Introduction to Urinogenital system, Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital duct, Types of mammalian urinogenital system

# **Module-VII Nervous System**

Introduction to Nervous system ,Comparative account of brain, Autonomic nervous system, Spinal cord, Types of receptors

# PRACTICE

- 1. Temporary mount of external scales in fishes (cycloid, placoid, ganoid, ctenoid)
- 2. Study of disarticulated skeleton of Amphibia/Reptilia/Aves/Mammal
- 3. Demonstration of Chick to study arterial system
- 4. Demonstration of Specimen
- 5. Demonstration of heart through video
- 6. Mini project & Powerpoint presentation

# **Text Books:**

- Jordan, E. L. and Verma, P. S. (2013) Chordate Zoology (14th edition).
- Saxena, R. K. and Saxena, S. (2015) Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates (2nd edition).

# **Reference Books:**

- Kardong, K.V. (2005) *Vertebrates' Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution*. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education.
- Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). *Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates*. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies.

Online Source: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLdNTrjqdXm\_T7DzT1AO\_b5\_6G8zEF2al\_

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1510	<b>Evolutionary Biology</b>	3-2-1	

# **Objectives**

- To provide comprehensive overview of Concept of Evolution.
- To explain Origin of Life especially Prokaryotes as well as Eukaryotes in detail.
- To provide adequate information about Geological Time Scale

# **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To understand the main forces of evolution and the interplay among them, both over ecological and evolutionary time.
CO2	To define history of life; the evolution of humans.
CO3	To know about Origin of Life especially Prokaryotes as well as Eukaryotes in detail.
CO4	To describe main forces of evolution (natural selection, sexual selection, genetic drift). and the interplay among them, both over ecological and evotionary time.
CO5	To analyze descriptive knowledge regarding Origin and Evolution of Man.

COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3		1	1			2					3	3	3	3
CO2	2	2		2	1		1					1	2	1	3
CO3	2	1		1			2					3	3	2	2
CO4			1	1	3		3					3	1	2	2
CO5		1		1			2					3	3	1	2

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# Module-I :Major Events in History of Life

Major Events in History of Life ,Lamarckism , Darwinism , Neo-Darwinism

# Module II : Fossils

Types of fossils, Incompleteness of fossil record, Dating of fossils, Phylogeny of horse

# **Module III :Organic variations**

Isolating Mechanisms ,Natural selection (Example: Industrial melanism) , Types of natural selection(Directional, Stabilizing, Disruptive) , 3.5Artificial selection

# Module IV

Genetic Drift, Micro evolution, Biological species concept (Advantages and Limitations), Modes of speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric)

# Module V

Macro-evolutionary Principle, Darwin's Finches, Causes and effects of extinction, Biological species concept (Advantages and Limitations), Modes of speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric)

# **Module VI: Extinction**

Mass extinction, K-T extinction, Role of extinction in evolution, Origin and evolution of man, Homonid characteristics

# Module VII

Phylogenetic trees, multiple sequence alignment, constructions of phylogenetic trees

# PRACTICE

- 1. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens/ pictures
- 2. Study of fossil evidences from plaster cast models and pictures
- 3. Demonstration of video
- 4. Mini project : Study and verification of Hardy-Weinberg Law by chi square analysis
- 5. Demonstration of video: Graphical representation and interpretation of data of height/ weight of a sample of 100 humans in relation to their age and sex.
- 6. Demonstration of role of natural selection and genetic drift in changing allele frequencies using simulation studies

# **Reference and Text books**

- B.S. Tomar& S.P. Singh, 2000. Evolutionary biology. (Rastogi Publ.).
- Ridley, M. (2004). *Evolution*. III Edition. Blackwell Publishing Campbell, N. A. and Reece J. B. (2011). *Biology*. IX Edition, Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.Douglas,
- J. Futuyma (1997). *Evolutionary Biology*. Sinauer Associates.

# **Molecular Biology**

Code	Course Title	T-P-Pj (Credit)	Prerequisite
CUTM1507	Molecular Biology	3-2-1	

# **Objectives**

- To understand the structure function, and makeup of the molecular building blocks of prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms.
- To focus on the interrelationship of DNA, RNA and protein synthesis and their mode of interactions.
- To differentiate the regulation of transcription, translation, post-transcriptional and translational modifications between prokaryotes and eukaryotes.

# **Course Outcome**

At the end of the course, students will be able:

COs	Course Outcomes
CO1	To gain detailed insights into structure of DNA, RNA, types of RNA, DNA replication and different models for replication.
CO2	To examine the different types of DNA mutation and DNA repair mechanisms existing in animals.
CO3	To demonstrate details on transcriptional machinery, post-transcriptional and translational processing.
CO4	To analyze regulation of transcription and translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes with emphasis on role of enhancers, activators and repressors.
CO5	To evaluate the regulation of post-transcriptional, translational and co- translational modification of proteins.

**Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:** 

COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3		1	2			2					3	2	2	3
CO2	2			3	1		2					1	1	1	3
CO3	2	2	1	3			1					2	3	3	3
CO4	3			2	2		3					3	2	2	1
CO5	2	1		2			1					1	2	2	2

(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

**Course outline** 

# **Module-I: Nucleic acids**

Introduction to nucleic acids: Nucleotide and Nucleoside, Types of nucleic acids: DNA & RNA DNA: Watson & Crick model of DNA, Different forms of DNA (A, B and Z forms). RNA: Different forms of RNA, Protein coding RNA (mRNA), Functional RNA (rRNA and tRNA), Regulatory RNA (si RNA, mi RNA, sn RNA)

# **Module II: DNA replication**

Overview of DNA replication: Different models of DNA replication, Semi-conservative mode of DNA replication, rolling circle mode of DNA replication, Theta mode of DNA replication. Enzymes involved in DNA replication and their roles: DNA polymerases, DNA gyrase, DNA helicase, DNA ligase, Primase. Replication process: DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes

# Module III: DNA mutation

Mutation: Causes of mutation and effects of mutation. Types of mutation: missense mutation, Nonsense mutation, Insertion or Deletion, Duplication, Frameshift mutation, Repeat expansion

# **Module IV: DNA Repair**

DNA Repair: Direct repair, Excision repair, Mismatch repair, Nonhomologous end-joining, SOS response. DNA repair errors: Defects in DNA repair and its consequences.

# Module V: Transcription and post transcriptional processing

Transcriptional machinery: The transcription Unit, Enzymes and transcription factors. Transcription process: Process of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Post transcriptional processing: Processing of mRNA, Synthesis and processing of functional RNA (rRNA & tRNA). Reverse transcription: The process of synthesis of cDNA.

# Module VI: Regulation of gene transcription

Transcription regulation in prokaryotes: The operon concept: The lac operon, The trp operon. Transcription regulation in eukaryotes: Activators, repressors, enhancers, silencer elements. Gene silencing: Transcriptional and post-transcriptional gene silencing

# Module VII: Translation and post translational processing

Component of translation and their roles: mRNA: The precursor of molecule of translation, Ribosomes: The site of protein synthesis, tRNA: the carrier molecule of translation. Translation: Process of translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Post translational modifications: Co- and post-translational modifications of proteins

# **Molecular Biology Lab (Practice)**

# **Experiments:**

- 1. Isolation and spectrophotometric estimation of DNA
- 2. Isolation and spectrophotometric estimation of RNA
- 3. Visualization of DNA/RNA using agarose gel electrophoresis
- 4. Preparation of equilibrated phenol
- 5. Quantitative estimation of RNA using Orcinol reaction
- 6. Demonstration of DNA & RNA by MGP
- 7. Preparation of liquid culture medium (LB) and raise culture of E. coli
- 8. Preparation of solid agarose medium (LB) and raise colonies of E. coli
- 9. Demonstration of DNA replication, transcription and translation using Photograph, slides and/or videos.
- 10. Application of in silico tools (BIOVIA's DISCOVERY STUDIO) to study the three dimensional

structure of proteins.

# Text Books:

1. Watson, J. D., Baker, T. A., Bell, S. P., Gann, A., Levine, M., &Losick, R. (2004). Molecular Biology of the Gene (International Ed.).

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Brown, T. A. (2006). Genomes 3. Garland Science
- 1. Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, Peter Walter: Molecular Biology of the Cell, IV Edition.
- 2. Cooper G. M. and Robert E. Hausman R. E. The Cell: A Molecular Approach, V Edition, ASM Press and Sinauer Associates.
- 3. De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 4. Karp, G. (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- 5. Lewin B. (2008). Gene XI, Jones and Bartlett

# Online Source:

- ePathsala
- NPTEL

# **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**

#### Course Name: Environmental Science

# Course Code: CUTM1674

# Credit: 4

**Credit Breakup:** 3+0+1 (Theory + Practice + Project)

# Introduction

The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 underlines the importance of making environmental education an integral part of curricula and encouraging environmental awareness and sensitivity towards its conservation and sustainable development. Environment Education, therefore, needs to include areas such as climate change, pollution, waste management, sanitation, conservation of biological diversity, management of biological resources and biodiversity, forest and wildlife conservation, and sustainable development.

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the relationship among human being, natural resource and environment on the historical perspectives.
- To orient students towards the principles of sustainable development goals and train them for conserving Biodiversity and maintaining Ecosystem balance.
- To analyze environmental issues and problems critically, and develop strategic environmental management policies and practices.

# **Course Outcome**

After the successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1	Explain the historical perspectives of human, natural resource and environment interactions.
CO2	Identify, classify, evaluate and prospect the natural resources integrated with Sustainable Development Goals.
CO3	Analyze issues and concerns of Biodiversity conservation and Ecosystem services at local, regional and global scales.
CO4	Demonstrate their environmental management competency to combat pollution, waste generation and climate change.
CO5	Conduct independent project works and address current environmental challenges complying with Environmental agreements, treaties, acts and laws.

# **Course Outcome to Program Outcome Mapping:**

COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	2	3						1		2	3	2	1
CO2	2		1	2	2		2			3		2	2	1	3
CO3	2		3	3			3			3		3	1	3	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	3		2			1		3	3	2	1
CO5	2		2	3	2		2			2		2	2	2	1
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(High-3, Medium-2, Low-1)

# **Module-1: Human and Environment**

Introduction to Human and the Environment: Overview of human-environment interactions throughout history; Importance of mastery of fire, the origin of agriculture, and the emergence of city-states; Discussion on the impact of ancient civilisations on the environment. Emergence of Environmentalism: Anthropocentric and eco-centric perspectives; Study of significant thinkers and their contributions to environmental philosophy; Environmental movements, Analysis of critical events such as the UN Conference on Human Environment 1972.

#### **Module-2: Natural Resources and Sustainable Development**

Understanding Natural Resources: Definition and classification of natural resources; Renewable and Non-renewable, Biotic and abiotic resources, Forest, Grasslands, Wildlife, Water, Mineral, Food, Land, Energy; Introduction to sustainable development: Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), targets and indicators; Discussion on challenges and strategies for achieving sustainability. World commission on Environment and Development.

#### **Module-3: Conservation of Biodiversity and Ecosystem**

Levels and types of Biodiversity, Biodiversity in India and the world, Biodiversity Hotspots, Land Use and Loss of Biodiversity: deforestation, urbanisation, desertification; trends in biodiversity loss; Case studies on the impact of human activities on biodiversity hotspots. Conservation of Biodiversity and Ecosystems: Understanding biodiversity and its distribution; Discussion on major ecosystem types: forests, grasslands, agriculture, coastal and marine and their characteristics; Ecosystem services: Classification and significance; Exploration of threats to biodiversity and ecosystems; in-situ and ex-situ conservation, protected areas, traditional knowledge, sacred groves, community based conservation.

# **Module-4: Environmental Pollution and Management**

Pollution and its impact; Overview of pollution: air, water, soil, noise, solid waste, hazardous waste; Discussion on transboundary pollution and its consequences; Understanding environmental issues at micro, meso, synoptic, and planetary scales; Case studies highlighting the adverse effects of pollution on human health and ecosystems. Addressing Environmental Pollution and Health: Strategies for

#### 7 Hours

**6 Hours** 

#### **12 Hours**

#### **10 Hours**

pollution control and management; Examination of air, water, soil, and noise pollution and their health impacts; Introduction to waste management practices and their significance. Introduction to environmental management systems such as ISO 14001 and the role of organizations like UNEP and IPCC in global environmental governance; Case studies on the implementation of environmental policies and regulations in different contexts.

#### **Module-5: Environmental Policies and Practices**

#### **10 Hours**

Introduction to environmental laws and regulation: Constitutional provisions - Article 48A, Article 51A(g) and other derived environmental rights; Introduction to environmental legislations on the forest, wildlife and pollution control: The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972; The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974; The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980; The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974; The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986; The Biological Diversity Act, 2002; Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000; National Green Tribunal; Climate Change policies, Greenhouse gas emissions and their impact on global climate; Climate change mitigation measures and practices: UNFCCC, Concept of NET ZERO. Environmental Treaties: Major international environmental agreements, conventions and their significance: CBD, CITES, UNCCD, Analysis of India's status and commitments under these agreements.

# SUGGESTED READINGS

- Rajagopalan, R. (2011). Environmental Studies: From Crisis to Cure. India: Oxford University Press.
- Sinha, N. (2020) Wild and Wilful. Harper Collins, India.
- Krishnamurthy, K.V. (2003) Textbook of Biodiversity, Science Publishers, Plymouth, UK.
- Kanchi Kohli and Manju Menon (2021). Development of Environment Laws in India, Cambridge University Press.
- Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (2019). A Handbook on International Environment Conventions & Programmes. https://moef.gov.in/wp-content/uploads/2020/02/ convention-V-16-CURVE-web.pdf
- Headrick, Daniel R. (2020). Humans versus Nature- A Global Environmental History, Oxford University Press.
- Chiras, D. D and Reganold, J. P. (2010). Natural Resource Conservation: Management for a Sustainable Future.10th edition, Upper Saddle River, N. J. Benjamin/Cummins/Pearson.
- Harper, Charles L. (2017). Environment and Society, Human Perspectives on Environmental Issues 6th Edition. Routledge.
- Jackson, A. R., & Jackson, J. M. (2000). Environmental Science: The Natural Environment and Human Impact. Pearson Education.
- Pittock, Barrie (2009) Climate Change: The Science, Impacts and Solutions. 2nd Edition. Routledge.

# THRUST AREA OF PROJECTS

- **1.1** Environmental awareness level of students, faculties and staffs of Centurion University through a questionary assessment
- 1.2 Hygiene and sanitation: An important factor of Environment and Women Health
- **1.3** Environmental movements in India and their role in Environmental Protection
- **1.4** Study on major civilizations along river banks: A few case studies
- **1.5** Critical study and analysis of the first world conference on the Human Environment, Stockholm, 1972

# **Theme-2: Natural Resources and Sustainable development**

- **2.1** Plant resource, diversity and their utility in Centurion University campus
- 2.2 Water resource use, management and conservation strategies in Centurion University campus
- 2.3 Energy audit of Centurion University campus
- **2.4** A study on the planning, execution and implementation of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in Centurion University
- **2.5** Critical study and analysis of the World Commission on Environment and Development, 1983

# **Theme-3: Conservation of Biodiversity and Ecosystem**

- 3.1 Biodiversity assessment of Centurion University campus
- 3.2 Ex-situ Biodiversity conservation initiatives taken in Centurion University
- **3.3** Identification and documentation of food chain and food webs in Centurion University campus including Pollinators' Paradise
- 3.4 Land use and land cover analysis across campuses of Centurion University in Odisha
- **3.5** Identification, documentation and analysis of micro ecosystems of Centurion University

# **Theme-4: Environmental Pollution and Management**

- **4.1** Water quality assessment with isolation, characterization and application of pollutantdegrading microbes from contaminated and waste water sources
- **4.2** Soil quality assessment within and Outside Centurion University campus
- **4.3** Ambient Air Quality Assessment within and outside of Centurion University campuses using High Volume Air Sampler
- **4.4** Assessment of Noise pollution within and outside of Centurion University campuses using Sound Level Meter
- 4.5 Waste to wealth Management adopted in Centurion University Campus

# **Theme-5: Environmental Policies and Practices**

- **5.1** Provisions for Environmental protection in the Constitution of India: Prospects and Retrospects
- 5.2 A few case studies handled and heard by National Green Tribunal (NGT), India
- 5.3 Green House gases and their impact on Global climate: Role of UNFCCC
- **5.4** A critical analysis of Convention on International trade in endangered species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) to combat Wild life loss

5.5 Best environmental policies and practices of Centurion University across campuses in Odisha